## **CARGOS 215 E 230**

## **QUESTÕES**

1. One of the main events in recent mankind history is the foundation of the United Nations Organization (UNO/UN). Among its outstanding missions is its commitment to avoid war between nations.

United Nations peacekeeping is a unique and dynamic instrument developed by the Organization as a way to help countries torn by conflict and create the conditions for lasting peace. The first UN peacekeeping mission was stablished in 1948, when the Security Council authorized the deployment of UN military observers to the Middle East o monitor the Armistice Agreement between Israel and its Arab neighbours. Since then, there have been a total of 64 UN peacekeeping operations around the world.

The term peacekeeping is not found in the United Nations Charter and defies simple definition. Dag ammarskjöld, he second UN Secretary-General, referred to it as belonging to Chapter Six and a Half of the Charter, placing it etween traditional methods of resolving disputes peacefully, such as negotiation and mediation under Chapter VI, and more forceful action as authorized under Chapter VII.

Over the years, UN peacekeeping has evolved to meet the demands of different conflicts and a changing political landscape. The missions consisted of military observers nd ightly armed troops with monitoring, reporting and confidence-building roles in support of ceasefires and limited eace agreements. The Brazilian role in Haiti is a worth mentioning example of a peace-making mission.

Based on the text, it can be deduced that

- **A)** peace agreements have long met the requests of different conflicts between those who sign them.
- **B**) military missions are strictly conditioned by political considerations.
- C) the term peaceking can refer to an attempt to reach an agreement or to more assertive actions.
- **D**) the Brazilian role in Haiti is the same as those played by other nations.
- **E**) The first UN peacekeeping mission was stablished in 1970.
- 2. Disease Intervention

Explorations into the function of each human gene—a major challenge extending far into the 21st century —will shed light on how faulty genes play a role in disease causation. With this knowledge, commercial efforts are shifting away from

diagnostics and toward developing a new generation of therapeutics based on genes. Drug design is being revolutionized as researchers create new classes of medicines based on a reasoned approach to the use of information on gene sequence and protein structure function rather than the traditional trial-and-error method. Drugs targeted to specific sites in the body promise to have fewer side effects than many of today's medicines.

The potential for using genes themselves to treat disease—gene therapy—is the most exciting application of DNA science. It has captured the imaginations of the public and the biomedical community for good reason. This rapidly developing field holds great potential for treating or even curing genetic and acquired diseases, using normal genes to replace or supplement a defective gene or to bolster immunity to disease (e.g., by adding a gene that suppresses tumor growth).

(http://www.ornl.gov/sci/techresources/Human\_Genome/medicine/medicine.shtml)DISCIPLINA Ciências Humanas > Língua Inglesa

The research reported in this text:

- A) has been concluded;
- **B**) will resume shortly;
- **C**) is still ongoing;
- **D**) will begin next century;
- **E**) has obviously failed.

3. 'King County Kicks Off Bag Recycling Campaign With 'Bus Full Of Bags'



In the sentence 'The best way to recycle plastic bags is to stuff them all in a single bag, tie it up and bring them back to this store', the expressions 'them - it - them' refer, respectively, to:

A) plastic bags / a single bag / plastic bags.

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<b>B)</b> the best way / a single bag / plastic bags.	When a hole rips open on a plane, the suction resulting from the pressure difference between the cabin and the sky could
C) a single bag / plastic bags / a single bag.	pull nearby people or objects outside. Depending on the size of the hole, such accidents could either create just enough
<b>D</b> ) this store / a single bag / plastic bags.	force to shuffle papers around, or, pull a full-size human out of the plane. Survival is unlikely for anyone fully sucked out into
E) plastic bags / this store / plastic bags.	the sky. While in-flight incidents are extremely rare, if you want to survive a crash, research suggests the best place to sit is in a middle seat toward the back of the plane.
4. The conjunction <u>due to</u> in the sentence "To avoid personal injury due to energy hazard, remove wrist watches and jewelry such as rings when replacing the batteries" can be substituted, without change of meaning, for:  A) whereas.	http://www.businessinsider.com/  Choose the best alternative to have the text completed correctly.
	A) more low.
B) however.	
C) Therefore.	<b>B</b> ) the lowest.
<b>D</b> ) in spite of.	C) much lower.
E) because of.	<b>D</b> ) the most low.
	E) the many low.
<b>5.</b> Quanto aos casos genitivos, observe as seguintes frases:	
I. Peter's house is different from Wilson.	<b>7.</b> Choose the correct alternative to complete the statements:
II. The children's uncles were present.	I. They the search after three hours. It was hopeless.
III. The girl's dolls are expensive.	II. Somebody's got to those high principles.
	III. We shouldn't their arguments so easily.
Assinale a alternativa condizente com a questão:	IV. I'm trying to my own work.
A) a I está errada.	V. What a preposterous idea! Jane will never
B) a I e a III estão corretas.	with it!
C) a I está correta.	
D) todas estão corretas.	<b>A)</b> gave up / stand up for / give in / catch up on / get away.
E) todas estão erradas.	B) carried out / stand up to / give over / catch up on / get ahead.
	C) gave up / stand up to / give over / catch up with / get
6. PRESSURE	across.
Jeremy Berke Commercial airplane cabins are generally pressurized to an equivalent of 6,000 to 8,000 feet above sea	<b>D)</b> gave up / stand up for / give over / catch up with / get along.
level, in an effort to maintain a healthy oxygen level for both the passengers and the flight crew. When a passenger jet is flying at a cruising altitude of over 36,000 feet, the pressure outside the cabin is than inside the pressurized cabin. Air pressure has a tendency to equalize, moving from	E) carried out / stand up to / given in / catch up on / get through.
areas of high pressure to low pressure to achieve equilibrium.	

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**8.** "One never builds something finished": the brilliance of architect Paulo Mendes da Rocha

Oliver Wainwright

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"All space is public," says Paulo Mendes da Rocha. "The only private space that you can imagine is in the human mind." It is an optimistic statement from the 88-year-old Brazilian architect, given he is a resident of São Paulo, a city where the triumph of the private realm over the public could not be more stark. The sprawling megalopolis is a place of such marked inequality that its superrich hop between their rooftop helipads because they are too scared of street crime to come down from the clouds.

But for Mendes da Rocha, who received the 2017 gold medal from the Royal Institute of British Architects this week - an accolade previously bestowed on such luminaries as Le Corbusier and Frank Lloyd Wright - the ground is everything. He has spent his 60-year career lifting his massive concrete buildings up, in gravity-defying balancing acts, or else burying them below ground in an attempt to liberate the Earth's surface as a continuous democratic public realm. "The city has to be for everybody," he says, "not just for the very few."

(www.theguardian.com. Adaptado.)

No trecho do segundo parágrafo "The city has to be for everybody", a expressão em destaque pode ser substituída, sem alteração de sentido, por

- A) Could.
- B) Must.
- C) May.
- **D**) Used to.
- E) Going to.
- **9.** Read the sentences below:
- I. John study engineering at my university.
- II. Helene is going to live in London last year.
- III. Pedro wishes he can read more this month.
- IV. When I grew up, I want to be a jazz singer.

Choose the best alternative to replace the words underlined in the sentences above:

- A) Is studying went to cannot grow up.
- **B)** Studied will could row up.
- C) Studies was going to could grow up.
- **D**) Studies goes could grown up.
- E) Studied was going to cannot grown up.
- **10.** Read the text below and choose the ONLY alternative which best replace the verbs in parentheses by their passive voices.

The world's first electronic computer (build) at the University of Pennsylvania in 1946, although computer-like machines (build) in the 19th century. Computers (sell) commercially for the first time in the 1950s, and a lot of progress (make) since then. Computers are now Much smaller and more powerful, and they (can buy) Much more cheaply.

- A) Was built/were built/were sold/was made/can be bought.
- **B)** Were built/ was built/ was sold/ were made/ can be bought.
- C) Were buy/ were built/ was sold/ was made/ can be brought.
- **D)** Was built/ were built/ were sold/ was made/ could bought.
- ${f E)}$  Was built/ were built/ were sold/ were made/ could be brought

GABARITO DA SEÇÃO 1 C 2 C 3 A 4 E 5 A 6 C 7 A 8 B 9 C 10 A